

Practice Test - General English - 6

Time: 20 minutes

Marks: 40

Direction: Fill up the blanks

1. Recently he has been 'giving himself airs'. ('Giving himself airs' means:)
(A) establishing (B) behaving politely (C) getting treated (D) behaving arrogantly
2. _____ is an illusion usually associated with deserts.
(A) Mirage (B) Montage (C) Vintage (D) Melange
3. To be _____ I think you did not do the right thing.
(A) clever (B) free (C) frank (D) straight
4. Being awarded an Oscar marked a _____ in her life.
(A) yardstick (B) milestone (C) sign – post (D) memorial
5. Good restaurants serving pure vegetarian food are very hard to _____.
(A) come by (B) get in (C) go through (D) take to
6. If you want to save money, you must _____ the shopping you do.
(A) cut down on (B) increase (C) put up with (D) add on
7. The closest meaning of the word 'mania'.
(A) greatness (B) fame (C) madness (D) foolishness
8. Having been born in a good family, she is _____ rich to beg.
(A) very (B) too (C) greatly (D) plenty
9. It is possible to satisfy one's _____ by doing some extra work.
(A) pride (B) wants (C) desires (D) heart
10. If 'GOAL' means object of effort, then 'GAOL' means:
(A) a soup (B) a bird (C) a prison (D) an image
11. I escaped by the skin of my _____.
(A) nose (B) teeth (C) ears (D) hand
12. I hope I _____ succeed.
(A) will (B) would (C) shall (D) should
13. They come to her every day _____?
(A) didn't they (B) did they (C) have they (D) don't they
14. She has always had _____ distrust of strangers.
(A) deep (B) the deep (C) a deep (D) an deep
15. The word 'mock' means
(A) intimate (B) steal (C) ridicule (D) mimic

Direction: Give suitable prepositions

16. I have invited him _____ the wedding .
(A) with (B) to (C) at (D) for
17. He was involved _____ the conspiracy .
(A) in (B) on (C) at (D) with
18. The statement is not relevant _____ the context .
(A) to (B) for (C) at (D) with
19. I am obliged _____ you for your help .
(A) in (B) for (C) from (D) to
20. I parted _____ my friend at the station .
(A) with (B) from (C) to (D) for

21. The miser does not part _____ money .
 (A) in (B) by (C) on (D) with
22. The teacher is popular _____ the students .
 (A) with (B) in (C) on (D) for
23. They supply us _____ rice .
 (A) to (B) with (C) for (D) on
24. They supply rice _____ us .
 (A) to (B) for (C) with (D) at
25. The principal served a notice _____ me .
 (A) on (B) in (C) at (D) by

Direction: Find out the error

26. (A) Higher we go / (B) the cooler / (C) we feel. / (D) no error
27. (A) He speaks / (B) an excellent / (C) English. / (D) no error
28. (A) My father / (B) enjoys / (C) a very good health. / (D) no error
29. (A) He / (B) behaves as if / (C) he was a king. / (D) no error

Direction: Rewrite as directed

30. You must shut these doors. (Change into passive)
 (A) These doors could be shut. (B) These doors is to be shut.
 (C) These doors must have been shut. (D) These doors must be shut.
31. "I took it home with me", she said. (Change into indirect speech)
 (A) She said that she had taken it home with her.
 (B) She exclaimed that she had taken it with her to her.
 (C) She said that she had it home.
 (D) She said that she had been taking it to her home.
32. Choose the correct sentence.
 (A) He has finished his work yesterday. (B) He have finished his work yesterday.
 (C) He was finished his work yesterday. (D) He finished his work yesterday.
33. Change into indirect speech: 'Oh dear! I've lost my purse', she said.
 (A) She said that she lost her purse. (B) She exclaimed that she had lost her purse.
 (C) She said that she had lost her purse. (D) She expressed that she had lost her purse.
34. Choose the correct sentence:
 (A) The committee are in session. (B) The committee is in session.
 (C) The committee were in session. (D) The committee to be in session.
35. The opposite of 'vice' is:
 (A) wickedness (B) goodness (C) virtue (D) silence
36. The idiom '*storm in the tea cup*' means:
 (A) no fuss over trivial matter (B) big fuss over trivial matter
 (C) clear idea (D) sudden inspiration
37. The mansion was '*pulled down*' to make way for a housing complex. The words italicised means:
 (A) brought (B) constructed (C) demolished (D) broken
38. Most of the people in India live '*from hand to mouth*'. The closest meaning to this idiom is:
 (A) a life of plenty providing for the future. (B) with moderate provision for the future.
 (C) without any provision for the future. (D) with some provision for the future.
39. The phrase '*bag and baggage*' means:
 (A) bagful (B) partially (C) completely (D) incomplete
40. Which among the following words means "understand fully"?
 (A) Apprehend (B) Pretend (C) Imply (D) Comprehend

Answers

1. D	2. A	3. C	4. B	5. A	6. A	7. C
8. B	9. B	10. C	11. B	12. A	13. D	14. C
15. C	16. B	17. A	18. A	19. D	20. B	21. D
22. A	23. B	24. A	25. C	26. A	27. B	28. C
29. C	30. D	31. A	32. D	33. B	34. B	35. C
36. B	37. C	38. C	39. C	40. D		